

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

0580 and 0581 MATHEMATICS

0580/04 and 0581/04 Paper 04 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
cso	correct solution only
dep	dependent
ft	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
www	without wrong working

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1 (a) (i)	(\$) 6 000 cao	B2	M1 for $0.1 \times 10\,000 + 0.25 \times 20\,000$ oe
(ii)	15 (%) cao	B2	M1 for $\frac{\text{their(a)(i)}}{40000} \times 100$
(b)	(\$) 11 200 ft	B1 ft	ft 17200 – <i>their (a)(i)</i>
(c) (i)	(\$) 7500 cao	B2	M1 for $\frac{12000}{5+3} \times 5$ oe After M0 , SC1 for 4500
(ii)	9/80 cao	B1	Ignore decimals or %'s seen Mark final fraction
(d)	(\$) 8640 cao	B2	M1 for $10\,800 \div 1.25$ oe

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2 (a) (i)	$x(x+4)/2 = 48$ oe $x^2 + 4x - 96 = 0$	M1 E1	Eqn must include 48 Dep on M1 + shows one intermediate algebraic step with no errors seen
(ii)	– 12 or 8	B1B1	Allow deletion of negative root
(iii)	12 (cm) correct or ft	B1ft	Accept 12 or ft their positive root in part (ii) (if only one) + 4.
(b)	$\frac{4}{5}$ oe	B2	M1 for $\frac{x}{x+4} = \frac{1}{6}$ oe
(c) (i)	$(x+4)^2 + x^2 = 9^2$ oe or $x^2 + 8x + 16 + x^2 = 81$ $2x^2 + 8x - 65 = 0$	M1 E1	Accept 2 nd line for M1 or $2x^2 + 8x + 16 = 81$ Dep on M1 with no errors, expanded brackets step needed
(ii)	$\frac{p+(-)\sqrt{q}}{r}$ where $p = -8$ and $r = 2 \times 2$ and $q = 8^2 - 4(2)(-65)$ oe (584) – 8.04, 4.04 cao www	M1 M1 A1A1	Allow second mark if in form $p \pm \frac{\sqrt{q}}{r}$ SC2 if correct solutions but no working shown or SC1 for –8.041522987 and 4.041522987 rounded or truncated
(iii)	21.08 or 21.1 (cm) strict ft	B1ft dep	ft 4.04 in part (ii) or $2 \times$ a positive root + 13

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3 (a)	5.(04), 0(.0), 8.7 or 8.66(6...) or better seen	B3	1 each
(b)	Correct axes for domain and range 10 correct points, on correct grid line or within correct 2mm square vertically Reasonable curve through 10 points condone curvature around $x = -0.2$ and 0.2 Two separate branches	S1 P3ft C1ft B1ft	P2ft for 8 or 9 correct P1ft for 6 or 7 correct Correct shape, not ruled, within 1 mm of points (curves could be joined) Independent but needs two 'curves' on either side of y-axis
(c) (i)	$y = -3x$ ruled correctly -2.95 to -2.6 , -0.75 to -0.6 , 0.5 to 0.6	L1 B2	Check at $(-1, 3)$ to $(1, -3)$ within 1 mm (can be shorter) B1 for 2 correct. isw y – values No penalty for each extra value if curve is cut more than 3 times
(ii)	$(a =) 3$ $(b =) -1$	B1B1	After 0,0 SC1 for $x^3 + 3x^2 - 1 = 0$
(d)	Tangent to their curve ruled at $x = -2$ rise/run using correct scales -4.5 to -3	T1 M1 A1	Must be a reasonable tangent allow slight daylight <1mm Dep on T1 (implied by answer 3 to 4.5) Must show working if answer out of range

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4 (a)	72	B1	
(b) (i)	$0.5 \times 15 \times 15 \sin(\text{their } 72)$ oe 106.9 to 107 (cm ²) cso	M1 A1	not for 90° www2
(ii)	534.5 to 535 (cm ²) ft	B1 ft	ft $\text{their (i)} \times 5$
(iii)	$\pi \times 15^2 \times 50$ $\text{their (ii)} \times 50$ Vol of cylinder – prism $8590 - 8625$ (cm ³) cao	M1 M1 M1 A1	(707 or 35350) or $\pi \times 15^2$ (26750) or $\pi \times 15^2 - \text{their (b) (ii)}$ Dep on M2 then $\times 50$ www4
(c)	$(AB =) 15 \sin(\text{their } 36) \times 2$ oe (17.63) (not 30° or 45°) Area of one rectangle = $\text{their } AB \times 50$ $5(50 \times \text{a length}) + 2 \times \text{their (b)(ii)}$ $5470 - 5480$ (cm ²) cao	M1 M1 M1 A1	or $\sqrt{15^2 + 15^2} - 2 \times 15 \times 15 \times \cos(\text{their } 72)$ Not for 90° or 60° or sine rule dep on 1st M (881.5) not 15×50 Indep (4407.5 + 1070) www4

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5 (a)	$(60 + 40)/35$ Correct method to convert a decimal time to minutes 14 46 or 2 46 pm cao	M1 M1 A1	(2.857...) could be in parts ft a decimal either full answer or decimal part $\times 60$ (e.g. 51.(428), 171.(4..) or 2hrs 51 or 51 m) www3
(b) (i)	260	B1	
(ii)	145	B1ft	ft <i>their (b) (i)</i> – 115
(c)	$(AC^2 =) 40^2 + 60^2 - 2 \times 40 \times 60 \times \cos 115$ $(AC =) \sqrt{\quad}$ of a correct combination 85(.0 km) cao	M2 M1 A1	M1 for correct implicit version dependent (7229) www4
(d)	$\frac{\sin A}{60} = \frac{\sin 115}{\text{their}(c)}$ oe $(\sin A =) \frac{\sin 115}{\text{their}(c)} \times 60$ 39.76 to 39.8 cao	M1 M1 A1	Implicit equation Could use cosine rule M1 for implicit and M1 for explicit form Dep on M1 Explicit equation www3
(e)	$40\sin 80 + 60\sin 35$ oe (39.4) (34.4) 73.76 – 73.81 (km) cao	M2 A1	<i>their (c)</i> $\times \sin(100 - \text{their (d)})$ or <i>their (c)</i> $\times \cos(\text{their (d)} - 10)$ M1 for either $40\sin 80$ or $60\sin 35$ or implicit trig version using <i>their (c)</i> www3

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6 (a) (i)	30	B1	
(ii)	30, 30.5, 31	B1 B1 B1	Penalty 1 for each extra value Ignore repeated values
(iii)	$\frac{10 \times 30 + 7 \times 31 + x \times 32}{10 + 7 + x} = 30.65$ correct clearance of fraction 3 cao	M1 M1 A1	Dep on M1 e.g. $517 + 32x = 521.05 + 30.65x$ oe www3
(b) (i)	$\frac{35 \times 15 + 115 \times 21 + 26 \times 23 + 24 \times 27}{200}$ 20.93 or 20.9 cao	M3 A1	(4186/200) M1 for use of 15, 21, 23, 27 (allow one error) and M1 for use of $\sum fx$ with value of x in correct range used (allow one further error) and M1 dep on 2nd M for dividing by $\sum f$ or 200 www4 Accept 21 after M3 earned
(ii)	2.6 cao 0.7 and 0.8	B1 B4	B3 for one correct or B2 for 3.5 and 4 seen or B1 for 4 seen

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7	(a) (i)	Translation only $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	B1 B1	Throughout parts (i) to (v) if more than one transformation is given then no marks at all for that part Accept T
	(ii)	Reflection only $x = 1$ oe only	B1 B1	Accept M
	(iii)	Reflection only $y = -x$ oe only	B1 B1	Accept M
	(iv)	Enlargement only (centre)(2, 0), only (scale factor) 0.5 oe only	B1 B1 B1	Accept E
	(v)	Stretch only (factor) 2, only x -axis oe invariant cao only	B1 B1 B1	Accept S Ignore parallel to y -axis
	(b) (i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	B2	B1 each column
	(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	B2	B1 for right hand column

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8	(a)	$x = 78$ alternate angles either $y = 144$ or $z = 102$ (opposite angles of) cyclic quad (= 180) and $z = 102$ or $y = 144$ Angles (in (a)) quadrilateral (= 360) or (opp angles of) cyclic quad (= 180)	B1 R1 B1 R1 B1 R1	Dep on B1 Accept Z <u>angle</u> , extras can spoil Accept longer reasons using correct language and clarity with angles used. e.g. allied angles gives 102° and angles on a straight line = 180° Dep on B1, extras can spoil Dep on B1 extras can spoil
	(b)	Their $z + 36 \neq 180$ oe	R1	Could also use their angles x and y provided $x + y \neq 180$. Could be a longer reason involving angles must be clearly explained.
	(c)	72 or 288	B1	
	(d)	51 cao	B1	

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9 (a)	$(p =) 5$ cao, $(q =) 12$ cao $(r =) 1$ ft	B1 B1 B1ft	Accept in correct order if no labels ft for $r = 18 - \text{their } p - \text{their } q$ provided r not negative
(b) (i)	17 cao	B1	
(ii)	12 cao	B1	
(c) (i)	26 cao	B1	
(ii)	57 ft	B1ft	ft 45 + <i>their q</i>
(d) (i)	$\frac{8}{100}$ oe isw	B1	
(ii)	$\frac{45}{100}$ oe isw	B1	
(e)	Any fraction with denominator 74 seen $\frac{37}{74} \times \frac{36}{73}$ $\frac{18}{73}$ oe isw cao	B1 M1 A1	ft <i>their</i> fraction i.e. one taken off each part $\frac{k}{l} \times \frac{k-1}{l-1}$ N.B $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{36}{73}$ gets B1M1 $\frac{1332}{5402}$ www3 (if decimal then 0.247 or better) Do not accept ratio or in words

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10 (a) (i)	$\frac{8 \times (8+1)}{2} = 36$ $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 8 = 36$	E1 E1	
(ii)	80 200	B1	
(b) (i)	$2(1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) =$ $2 \times \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n(n+1)$	E1	both steps must be shown
(ii)	40 200	B1	
(iii)	40 000	B1ft	ft <i>their (a)(ii) – their(b)(ii)</i> or <i>their (b)(ii) – 200 ft</i> Not for zero or negative answer
(c) (i)	$\frac{2n(2n+1)}{2}$ oe final answer	B1	e.g. $2n^2 + n$
(ii)	n^2 cao	B2	M1 for <i>their (c)(i) – $n(n+1)$</i> or $n(n+1) - n$ or $n/2(2+2(n-1))$

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